## Supporting Families, Empowering Survivors: A National Consortium









## We believe that:

- 1. Children who have a non-abusing parent<sup>1</sup> who believes and supports them have the best chance to lead a happy and healthy life.
- 2. Blaming and shaming non-abusing parents and carers of sexually abused/harmed children exacerbates the impact of the trauma and causes long-term harm.
- 3. Non-abusing parents need independent support in their own right following concerns/report of child sexual abuse/harm.
- 4. Non-abusing parents should always be recognised as victims.
- 5. Children may hold back from reporting abuse to protect those they love. They need to know that support is available for their families too.
- 6. Non-abusing parents need to be treated with compassion, respect and dignity and offered support that meets their individual needs.
- 7. Non-abusing parents are too often harmed by a system that is supposed to be supporting them.
- 8. Non-abusing parents are key safeguarding partners and should be engaged and supported as such.
- 9. Non-abusing parents should be offered tailored support to promote their own wellbeing and resilience, which in turn helps ensure that children are not left feeling responsible for family healing
- 10. Support from their non-abusing parents can enhance children's longer-term recovery/healing.

## Therefore, we need:

- The general public and media to understand that the responsibility for child sexual abuse lies solely with the person who sexually abused/harmed the child.
- Decision-makers and commissioners to recognise that support for non-abusing parents is essential as they should be seen as a priority group.
- Non-abusing parents to be recognised as key safeguarding partners in the protection of their children.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We are specifically referring to parents who are 'non-abusing' or 'safe'. In addition, for the sake of simplicity, we are using the term 'parent' to mean any adult in a parental or principal care-giving role to a child; this may be, for example, the child's biological parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, foster carer or other relative in that role.